

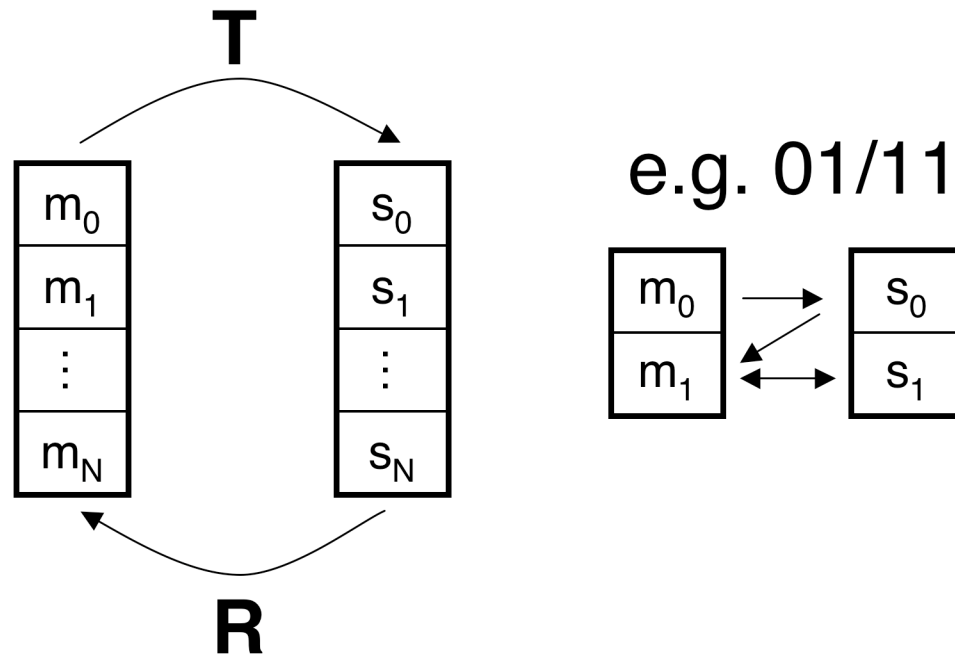
Emergence Evolution and Maintenance of Communication Conventions

The Goal: investigate which selective pressure are necessary for a *Saussurean* communication system to evolve. (Oliphant, 1996)

Limit our experiment on a very simple communication system (animal alarm calls).

The Communication System

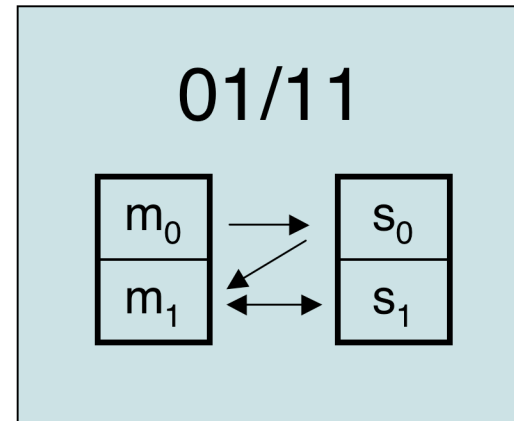
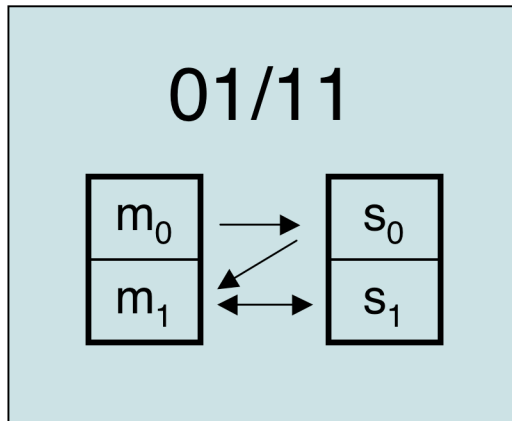
- N signals $\mathbf{S} = \langle s_0, s_1, \dots, s_N \rangle$ used to convey
- N meanings $\mathbf{M} = \langle m_0, m_1, \dots, m_N \rangle$
- 400 agents having a Communication System **T/R** composed by a **T**ransmitting and a **R**eceiving system:



Communication Success

Transmission/Reception success

signals being correctly transmitted/received



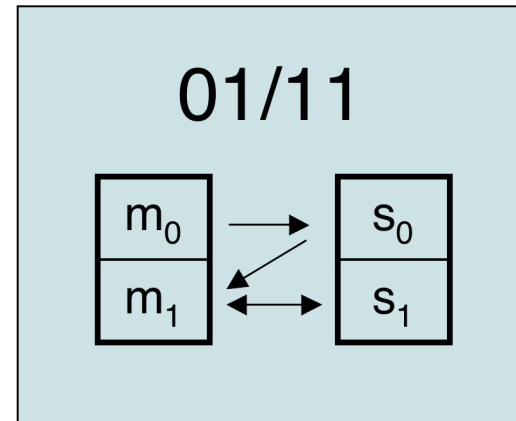
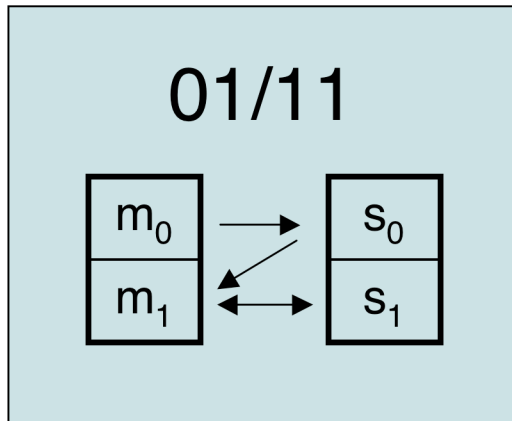
Transmission success

Reception success

Communication Success

Transmission/Reception success

signals being correctly transmitted/received



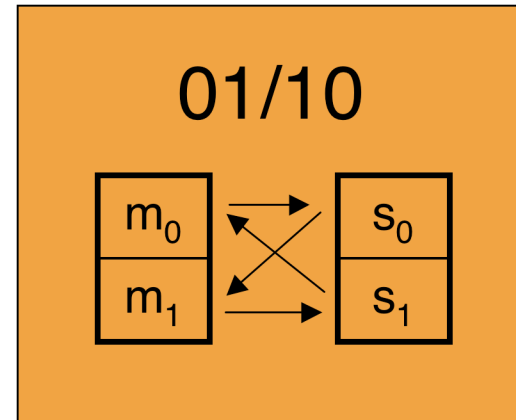
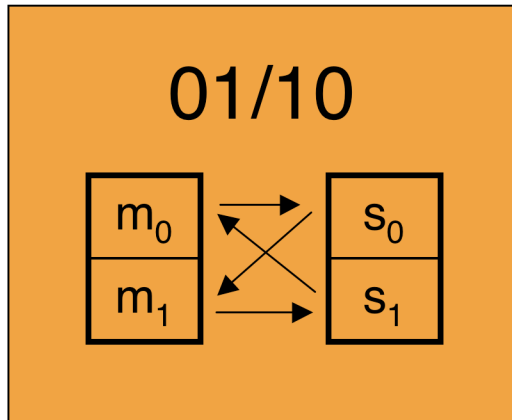
Transmission success 0.5

Reception success 0.5

Communication Success

Transmission/Reception success

signals being correctly transmitted/received



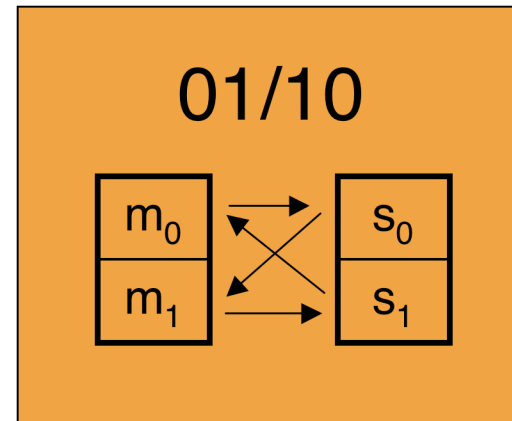
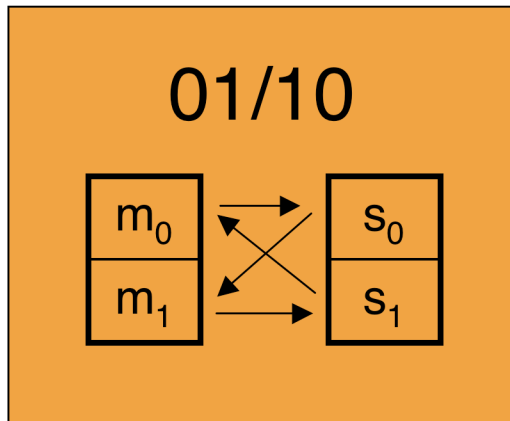
Transmission success

Reception success

Communication Success

Transmission/Reception success

signals being correctly transmitted/received



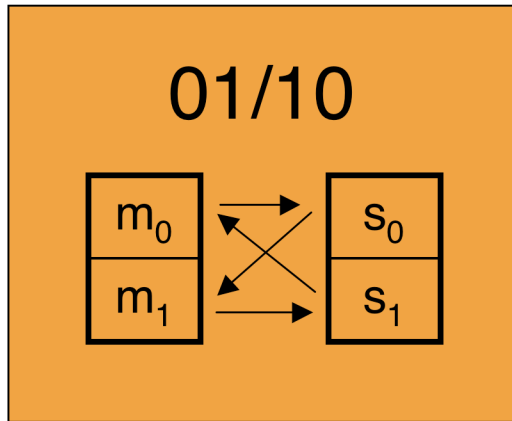
Transmission success 0

Reception success 0

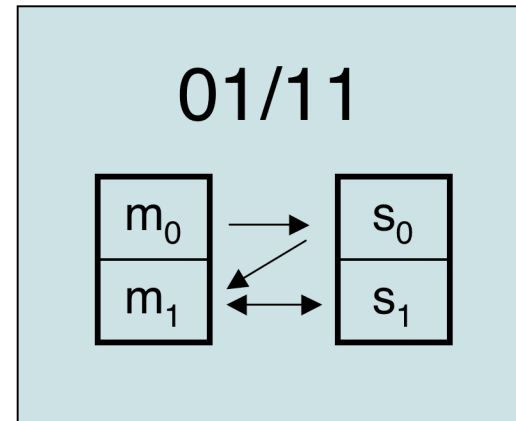
Communication Success

Transmission/Reception success

signals being correctly transmitted/received



TS
RS

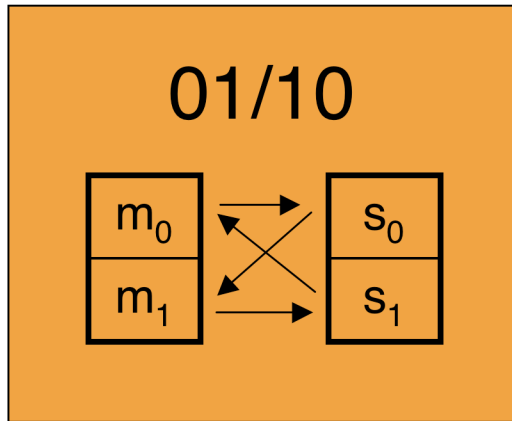


TS
RS

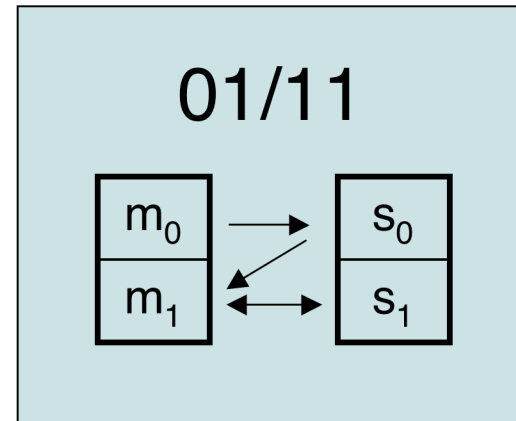
Communication Success

Transmission/Reception success

signals being correctly transmitted/received



TS 0.5
RS

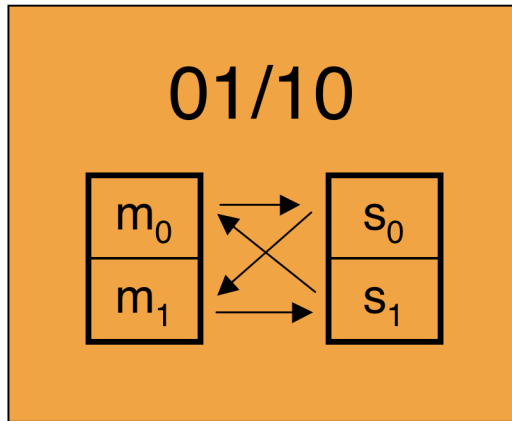


TS
RS 0.5

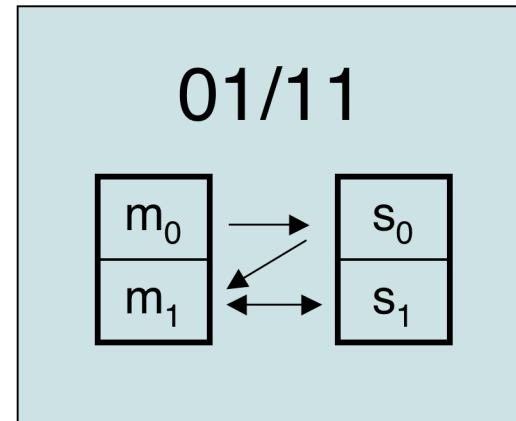
Communication Success

Transmission/Reception success

signals being correctly transmitted/received

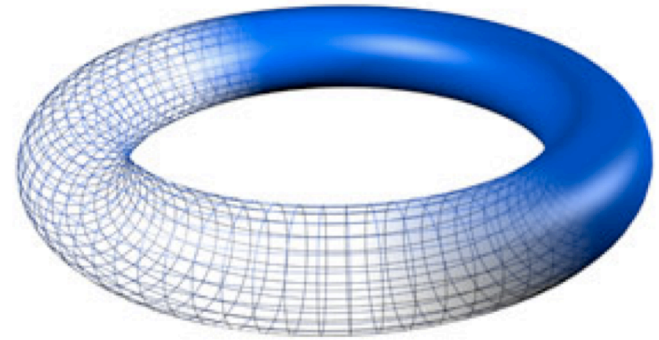


TS 0.5
RS 0



TS 0
RS 0.5

The Model



- Continuous space (torus)
- Group of agents (400)

- each with a CS

- 5 life stages (0-4) →

0	8	1	6	0	8
3	5	3	6	0	6
2	5	2	6	4	6

- 8 bidirectional communication attempts with neighbors
 - success of communication: (transmission/reception)
 - fitness based on the fitness function (altr./non-altr.)

Selective Pressure

- At life stage 4 an agent dies and it is replaced with an agent of stage 0.
- The newborn agent selects a **teacher** from the set of its neighbors according to their fitness.
- The newborn agent then acquires with a certain precision the communication system of its teacher: each mapping in the teacher's communication system is
 - randomly chosen with probability μ (mutation rate)
 - learned with probability $1 - \mu$

Simulation 1

- **Non Altruistic communication**

Simulation 1

- Non Altruistic communication



Simulation 1

- **Non Altruistic communication**



Simulation 2

- **Altruistic communication**

Simulation 1

- **Non Altruistic communication**



Simulation 2

- **Altruistic communication**



Altruistic communication is evolutionary unstable
(Maynard Smith, 1982)

Simulation 1

- **Non Altruistic communication**



Simulation 2

- **Altruistic communication**

Altruistic communication is evolutionary unstable
(Maynard Smith, 1982)



Simulation 3

- **Altruistic communication**
- **Iterative Mode**

Simulation 1

- **Non Altruistic communication**



Simulation 2

- **Altruistic communication**

Altruistic communication is evolutionary unstable
(Maynard Smith, 1982)



Simulation 3

- **Altruistic communication**
- **Iterative Mode**



Simulation 1

- **Non Altruistic communication**



Simulation 2

- **Altruistic communication**

Altruistic communication is evolutionary unstable
(Maynard Smith, 1982)



Simulation 3

- **Altruistic communication**
- **Iterative Mode**



Simulation 4

- **Altruistic communication**
- **Spatially Distributed**

Simulation 1

- **Non Altruistic communication**



Simulation 2

- **Altruistic communication**

Altruistic communication is evolutionary unstable
(Maynard Smith, 1982)



Simulation 3

- **Altruistic communication**
- **Iterative Mode**



Simulation 4

- **Altruistic communication**
- **Spatially Distributed**

